PWM Control 3A Step-Down Converter

❖ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AX3107 consists of step-down switching regulator with PWM control. These devise include a reference voltage source, oscillation circuit, error amplifier, internal PMOS and etc.

AX3107 provides low-ripple power, high efficiency, and excellent transient characteristics. The PWM control circuit is able to very the duty ratio linearly form 0 up to 100%. This converter also contains an error amplifier circuit as well as a soft-start circuit that prevents overshoot at startup. An enable function, an over current protect function and short circuit protect function are built inside, and when OCP or SCP happens, the operation frequency will be reduced. Also, an internal compensation block is built in to minimum external component count.

With the addition of an internal P-channel Power MOS, a coil, capacitors, and a diode connected externally, these ICs can function as step-down switching regulators. They serve as ideal power supply units for portable devices when coupled with the SOP-8L package, providing such outstanding features as low current consumption. Since this converter can accommodate an input voltage up to 20V, it is also suitable for the operation via an AC adapter.

❖ FEATURES

- Input voltage：3.6V to 20V
- Output voltage：0.8V to V_{CC}
- Duty ratio：0% to 100% PWM control
- Oscillation frequency：330KHz typ.
- Soft-Start (SS), Current Limit(CL), Enable function.
- Thermal Shutdown function.
- Short Circuit Protect (SCP).
- Built-in internal SW P-channel MOS.
- SOP-8L Pb-Free package.

❖ BLOCK DIAGRAM

❖ PIN ASSIGNMENT

The package of AX3107 is SOP-8L; the pin assignment is given by:

（Top View）

FB	1		8	Vss
EN	2	AX3107	7	Vss
Ocset	3		6	SW
Vcc	4		5	SW

SOP-8L

Name	Description
FB	Feedback pin
EN	Power-off pin H：normal operation(Step-down) L：Step-down operation stopped (All circuits deactivated)
OCSET	Add an external resistor to set max switch output current.
V_{CC}	IC power supply pin
SW	Switch pin. Connect external inductor and diode here.
V_{SS}	GND pin

❖ ORDER/MARKING INFORMATION

Order Information	Top Marking
AX3107 X X X Frequency　Package Type　Packing Blank : 330Khz　S: SOP-8L　Blank : Tube 　　　　　　　　　　　　　　A : Taping	Logo ← **AX**3107 → Part number 　　　YYWWX → ID code:internal 　　　　　　 → WW: 01~52 　　　　　　 → Year: 10=2010 　　　　　　　　　 11=2011

Rev.1.9 Aug.12, 2010

❖ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (at T_A=25 ℃)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
VCC Pin Voltage	V_{CC}	V_{SS} - 0.3 to V_{SS} + 22	V
Feedback Pin Voltage	V_{FB}	V_{SS} - 0.3 to V_{CC}	V
ON/OFF Pin Voltage	V_{EN}	V_{SS} - 0.3 to V_{CC} + 0.3	V
Switch Pin Voltage	V_{SW}	V_{SS} - 0.3 to V_{CC} + 0.3	V
Power Dissipation	PD	Internally limited	mW
Storage Temperature Range	T_{ST}	-40 to +150	°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T_J	-20 to +125	°C
Operating Supply Voltage	V_{OP}	+3.6 to +20	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	0 to 3	A
Thermal Resistance from Junction to case	θ_{JC}	25	°C/W
Thermal Resistance from Junction to ambient	θ_{JA}	70	°C/W

Note: θ_{JA} is measured with the PCB copper area(need connect to SW pins) of approximately 1 in^2(Multi-layer).

❖ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{IN} = 12V, V_{OUT}=3.3V, T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Characteristics	Symbol	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Units
Feedback Voltage	V_{FB}	I_{OUT}=0.1A		0.784	0.800	0.816	V
Quiescent Current	I_{CCQ}	V_{FB}=1.2V force driver off		-	3	5	mA
Feedback Bias Current	I_{FB}	I_{OUT}=0.1A		-	0.1	0.5	uA
Shutdown Supply Current	I_{SD}	V_{EN} =0V		-	2	10	uA
OCSET pin bias current	I_{OCSET}			110	130	150	uA
Switch Current	I_{SW}			4.0	-	-	A
Line Regulation	$\triangle V_{OUT}/V_{OUT}$	V_{CC} = 8V~20V, I_{OUT}=0.2A		-	1	2	%
Load Regulation	$\triangle V_{OUT}/V_{OUT}$	I_{OUT} = 0.1 to 3A		-	0.2	0.5	%
Oscillation Frequency	F_{OSC}	SW pin		260	330	400	KHz
EN Pin Logic input threshold voltage	V_{SH}	High (regulator ON)		2.0	-	-	V
	V_{SL}	Low (regulator OFF)		-	-	0.8	
EN Pin Input Current	I_{SH}	V_{EN}=2.5V (ON)		-	20	-	uA
	I_{SL}	V_{EN}=0.3V (OFF)		-	-10	-	uA
Soft-Start Time	T_{SS}			0.3	4	8	ms
Internal MOSFET R_{DSON}	R_{DSON}	V_{CC}=5V, V_{FB}=0V		-	100	140	mΩ
		V_{CC}=12V, V_{FB}=0V		-	70	100	
Efficiency	EFFI	V_{CC} = 12V, V_{OUT} = 5V	I_{OUT} = 2A	-	92	-	%
			I_{OUT} = 3A		91		

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❖ APPLICATION CIRCUIT

$$VOUT = VFB \times (1 + \frac{R1}{R2})$$

VFB = 0.8V ; R2 suggest 0.8K ~ 6k
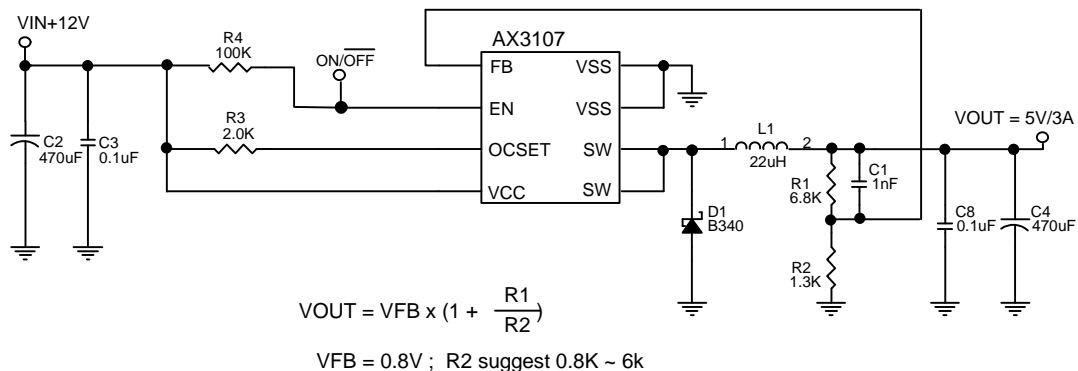
L1 recommend value (V_{IN}=12V)				
V_{OUT}	1.8 V	2.5V	3.3V	5V
I_{OUT}=3A	12uH	15uH	18uH	22uH

❖ FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

PWM Control

The AX3107 consists of DC/DC converters that employ a pulse-width modulation (PWM) system. In converters of the AX3107, the pulse width varies in a range from 0 to 100%, according to the load current. The ripple voltage produced by the switching can easily be removed through a filter because the switching frequency remains constant. Therefore, these converters provide a low-ripple power over broad ranges of input voltage and load current.

RDS (ON) Current Limiting

The current limit threshold is setting by the external resistor (R3) connecting from V_{CC} supply to OCSET pin. The internal 130uA sink current crossing the resistor sets the voltage at pin of OCSET. When the PWM voltage is less than the voltage at OCSET, an over-current condition is triggered. Please refer to the formula for setting the minimum current limit value:

$$I_{SW(MIN)} = \frac{I_{OCSET} \times R3 + 0.08}{R_{DS(ON)}}$$

(Normally, The $I_{SW(MIN)}$ setting more than I_{OUT} 1.2A).

Example:
I_{SW} = (0.13mA x 2.0k + 0.08)/ 0.070Ω= 4.86A - (V_{IN}=12V)
I_{SW} = (0.13mA x 3.3K + 0.08)/ 0.10Ω= 5.09A - (V_{IN}=5V)

Setting the Output Voltage

Application circuit item shows the basic application circuit with adjustable output version. The external resistor sets the output voltage according to the following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = 0.8V \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

Table 1 Resistor select for output voltage setting

V$_{OUT}$	R2	R1
5V	1.3K	6.8K
	5.6K	30K
3.3V	1.5K	4.7K
	5.6K	18K
2.5V	2.2K	4.7K
1.8V	2K	2.5K
1.5V	2.2K	2.0K
1.2V	3K	1.5K

The R2 setting 5.6k that No load current can be reduce to under 4mA for EL CAP.

Inductor Selection

For most designs, the operates with inductors of 12µH to 33µH. The inductor value can be derived from the following equation:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{V_{IN} \times \Delta I_L \times f_{OSC}}$$

Where is inductor Ripple Current. Large value inductors lower ripple current and small value inductors result in high ripple currents. Choose inductor ripple current approximately 20% of the maximum load current 3A, ΔI_L=0.4A. The DC current rating of the inductor should be at least equal to the maximum load current plus half the ripple current to prevent core saturation (3A+0.2A).

Input Capacitor Selection

This capacitor should be located close to the IC using short leads and the voltage rating should be approximately 1.5 times the maximum input voltage. The RMS current rating requirement for the input capacitor of a buck regulator is approximately 1⁄2 the DC load current. A low ESR input capacitor sized for maximum RMS current must be used. A 220µF low ESR capacitor for most applications is sufficient.

Output Capacitor Selection

The output capacitor is required to filter the output and provide regulator loop stability. The important capacitor parameters are; the 100KHz Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR), the RMS ripples current rating, voltage rating, and capacitance value. For the output capacitor, the ESR value is the most important parameter. The ESR can be calculated from the following formula.

$$V_{RIPPLE} = \Delta I_L \times ESR = 0.4A \times 110m\Omega = 44mV$$

An aluminum electrolytic capacitor's ESR value is related to the capacitance and its voltage rating. In most case, higher voltage electrolytic capacitors have lower ESR values. Most of the time, capacitors with much higher voltage ratings may be needed to provide the low ESR values required for low output ripple voltage. It is recommended to replace this low ESR capacitor by using a 330µF low ESR values < 110mΩ.

PCB Layout Guide

If you need low Tc and Tj or large PD(Power Dissipation), The dual SW pins(5 and 6) and V_{SS} pins(7and 8)on the SOP-8L package are internally connected to die pad, The PCB layout should allow for maximum possible copper area at the SW pins.

1. Connect C3 to V_{CC} and V_{SS} pin as closely as possible to get good power filter effect.
2. Connect R3 to V_{CC} and OCSET pin as closely as possible.
3. Connect ground side of the C2 & D1 as closely as possible.
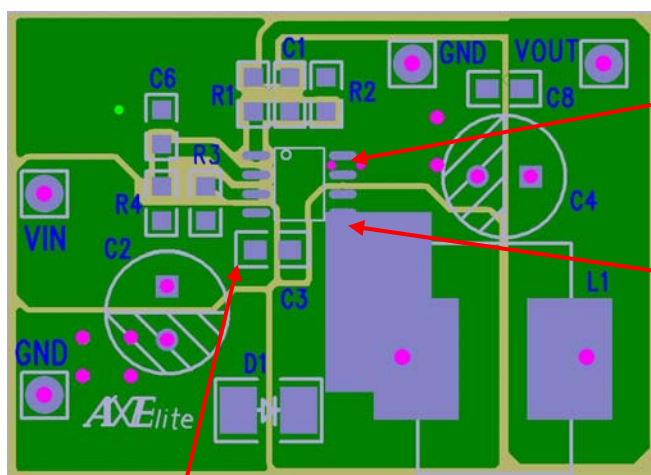
Use through hole to conduct the heat into the backside of PCB layer.

The heat sink copper of PCB area should be solder-painted without masked.

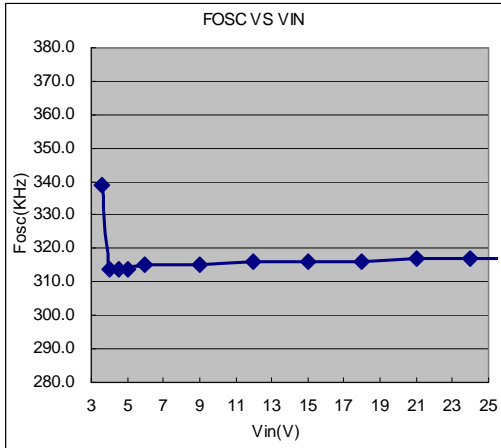Bypass C3 need closely from IC's Vcc to Vss pins.
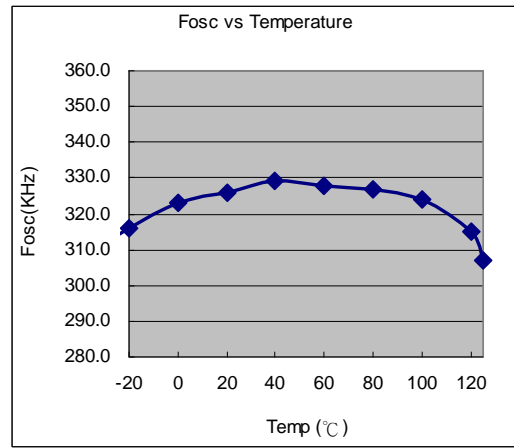
❖ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VFB VS VIN
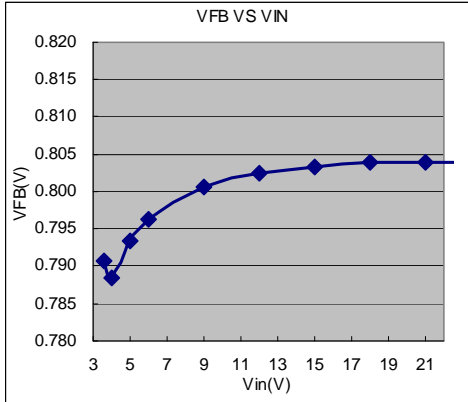
ICCQ VS VIN
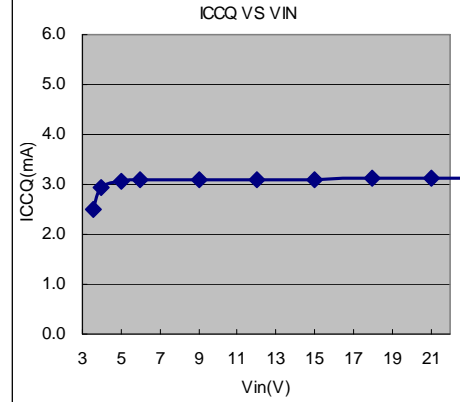
FOSC VS VIN

FOSC VS TEMPERATURE

VFB VS TEMPERATURE

ICCQ VS TEMPERATURE

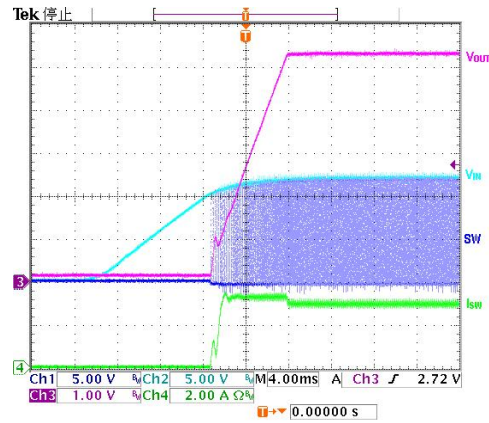æ axelite 亞瑟萊特科技股份有限公司 AXElite Technology Co.,Ltd
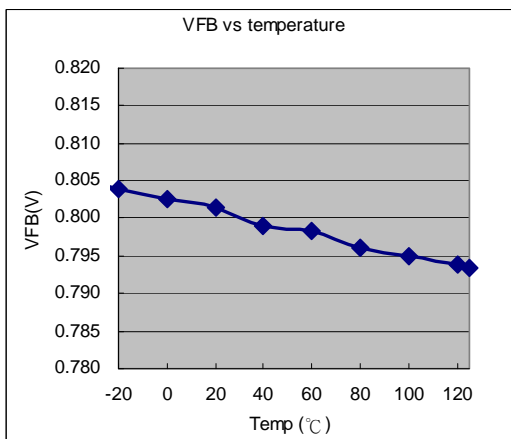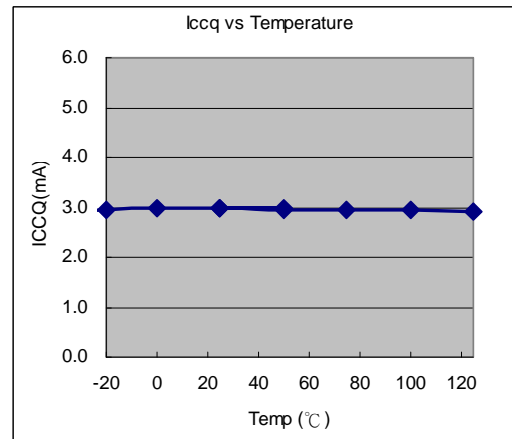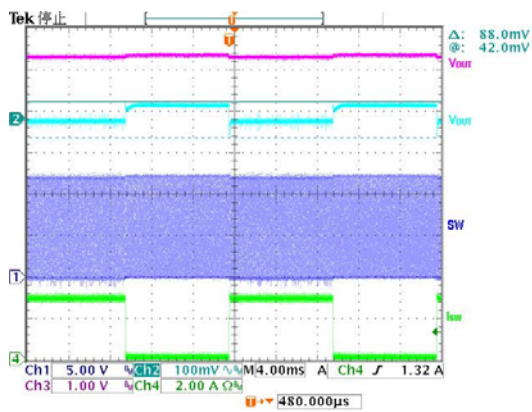
❖ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Output Ripple
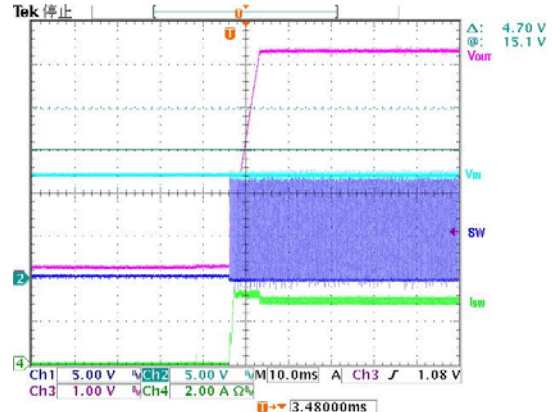(V_{IN}=12V, V_{OUT}=5V, I_{OUT}=3A)
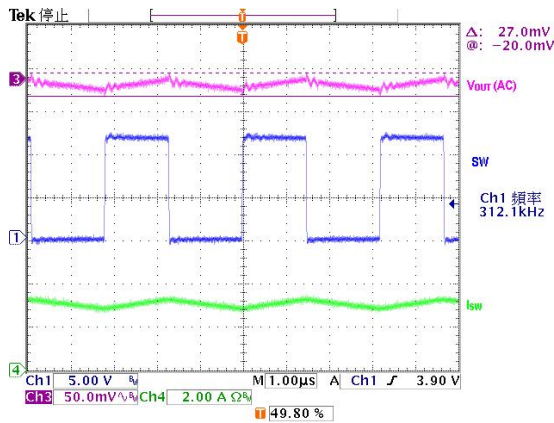
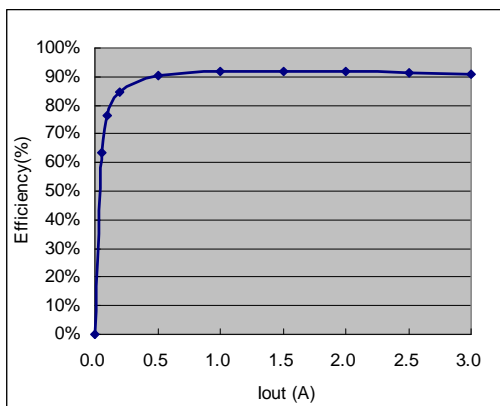### Power on test wave
(V_{IN}=12V, V_{OUT}=5V, I_{OUT}=3A)

Load Transient Response
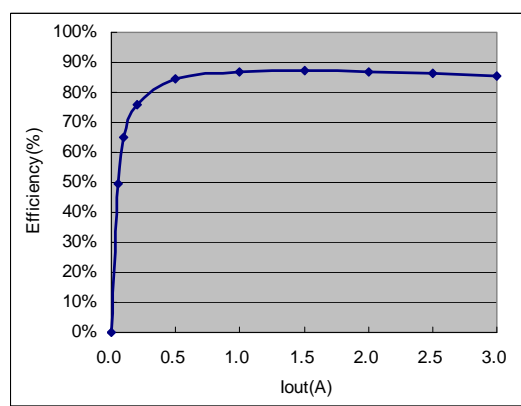(V_{IN}=12V, V_{OUT}=5V, I_{OUT}=0.1~3A)

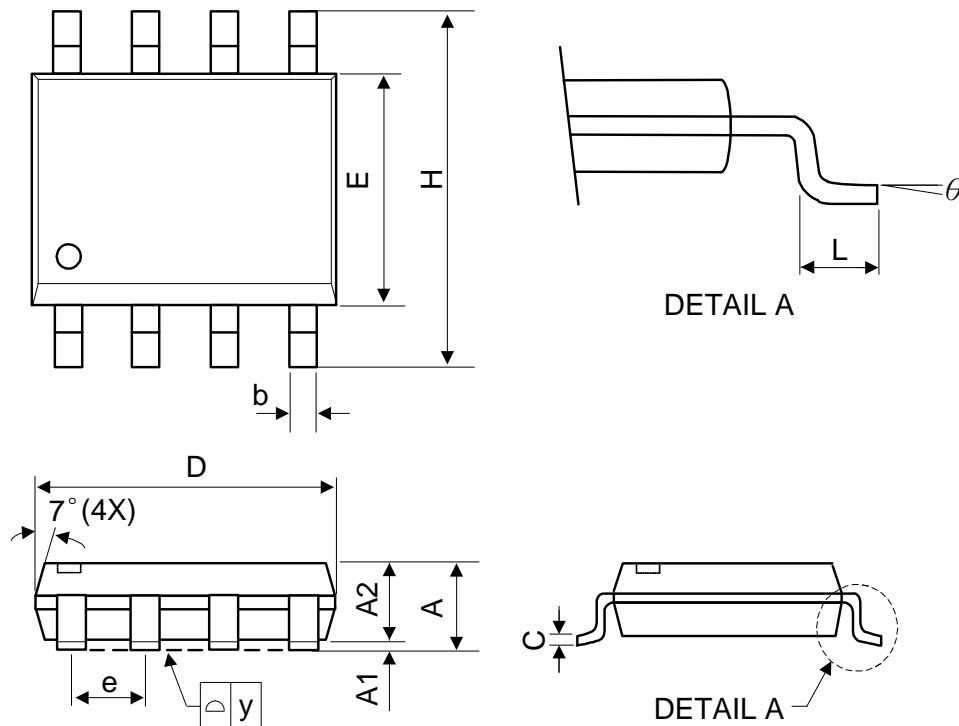### EN PIN on test wave
(V_{IN}=12V, V_{OUT}=5V, I_{OUT}=3A)

Efficiency
(V_{IN}=12V, V_{OUT}=5V)

Efficiency
(V_{IN}=12V, V_{OUT}=3.3V)

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❖ PACKAGE OUTLINES

DETAIL A

DETAIL A

Symbol	Dimensions in Millimeters			Dimensions in Inches		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	-	-	1.75	-	-	0.069
A1	0.1	-	0.25	0.04	-	0.1
A2	1.25	-	-	0.049	-	-
C	0.1	0.2	0.25	0.0075	0.008	0.01
D	4.7	4.9	5.1	0.185	0.193	0.2
E	3.7	3.9	4.1	0.146	0.154	0.161
H	5.8	6	6.2	0.228	0.236	0.244
L	0.4	-	1.27	0.015	-	0.05
b	0.31	0.41	0.51	0.012	0.016	0.02
e	1.27 BSC			0.050 BSC		
y	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.004
θ	0º	-	8º	0º	-	8º

Mold flash shall not exceed 0.25mm per side

JEDEC outline: MS-012 AA

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