

# Dual Power-Distribution Switch with Fault-Blanking

# DESCRIPTION

The EUP3542 incorporates dual  $100m\Omega$  P-channel MOSFET power switches for power-distribution systems that require multiple power switches in a single package. Each switch is controlled by a logic enable input.

When either output load exceeds the current-limit threshold or a short is present, the device limits the outputs current to a safe level by switching into a constant-current limit mode with fold back, pulling the over-current (OCB(s)) logic output low. When continuous heavy overloads or short-circuits increase the power dissipation in the switches, causing the junction temperature to raise, a thermal protection circuit shutdown the switches to prevent damage. Internal Under Voltage Lock-Out (UVLO) circuitry ensures that the switches remain off until valid input voltage is present. Each power switch is designed to set current limit at 1A\_typical for EUP3542 and 2.5A\_typical for EUP3542-15 respectively.

OCB(s) are open-drain outputs which are asserted when over-current occurs. A 8ms fault-blanking feature enables the circuit to ignore momentary faults, such as those caused when hot-swapping a capacitive load, preventing false alarms to the host system. The EUP3542 eliminates any reversed current flow across each switch when it is powered off.

The EUP3542 is available in MSOP-8 or SOP-8 package, operates over the extended (- $40^{\circ}C$  to + $85^{\circ}C$ ) temperature range.

# **Typical Application Circuit**

# **FEATURES**

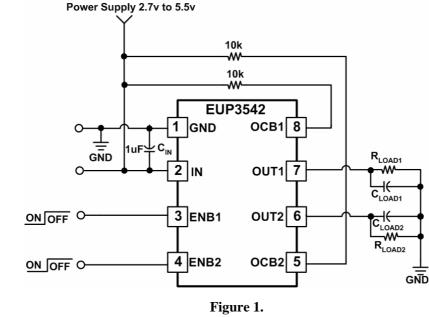
• Dual 100mΩ High-Side MOSFET

EUP3542

- Operating Range:2.7V to 5.5V
- 300µS Typical Rise Time
- Under voltage Lockout
- 15µA Quiescent Supply Current
- 1µA Shutdown Supply Current
- Logic Level Enable Pin, Available with Active-Low Version
- No Reverse Current when Power Off
- Open-Drain Over-Current Flag Outputs with fault-blanking
- Available in MSOP-8, SOP-8 and SOP-8(EP) Packages
- RoHS Compliant and 100% Lead(Pb)-Free Halogen-Free
- UL Listed-File No. E334299

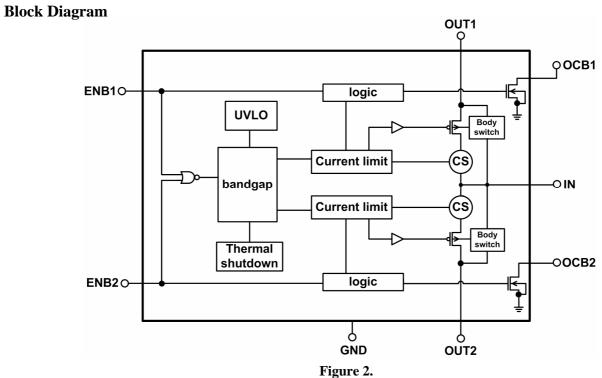
# APPLICATIONS

- High-Side Power Protection Switch
- USB Power Management
- USB Host and Self-Powered Bubs
- USB Bus-Powered Hubs
- Hot Plug-In Power Supplies
- Battery-Charger Circuits
- Short-Circuit Protections









# **Pin Configurations**

Package Type	Pin Configurations	Package Type	Pin Configurations		
EUP3542 SOP-8 MSOP-8	(Top View) GND 1 IN 2 ENB1 3 ENB2 4 (Top View) 8 OCB1 7 OUT1 6 OUT2 5 OCB2	EUP3542-15 SOP-8 (EP)	(Top View) GND 1 8 OCB1 IN 2 7 OUT1 ENB1 3 6 OUT2 ENB2 4 5 OCB2		

# **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	GND	Ground
2	IN	<b>Input Supply:</b> Output MOSEFT Source, which also supplies IC's internal circuitry. Connect to positive supply.
3	ENB1	<b>Enable:</b> Logic level enable input of switch 1. Make sure ENB1 pin never floating.
4	ENB2	<b>Enable:</b> Logic level enable input of switch 2 Make sure ENB2 pin never floating.
5	OCB2	Over-Current: Over-Current Flag of switch 2, open-drain output.
6	OUT2	Switch Output: Output MOSFET Drain of switch 2. Typically connect to switched side of load.
7	OUT1	Switch Output: Output MOSFET Drain of switch 1. Typically connect to switched side of load.
8	OCB1	Over-Current: Over-Current Flag of switch 1, open-drain output.

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# **Ordering Information**

Order Number	Package Type	Marking	<b>Operating Temperature Range</b>
EUP3542DIR1	SOP-8	<b>X</b> XXXX P3542	$-40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C
EUP3542-15DIR1	SOP-8 (EP)	XXXXX P3542 1C	$-40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C
EUP3542MIR1	MSOP-8	xxxxx P3542	$-40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C

# EUP3542 Lead Free Code Lead Free Code Lead Free, Halogen Free 0: Lead Packing R: Tape & Reel Operating temperature range I: Industry Standard Package Type D: SOP M: MSOP Current Limit Rating --: 1A 15: 2.5A





# **Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)**

	Supply Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	<i>(</i>	5V
•	Output Voltages (V <sub>OUT</sub> )	(	5V
	Output Current (I <sub>OUT</sub> )	Internally Limit	ed
	Continuous Load Current (EUP3542, Dual Channel)	1.:	5A
	Continuous Load Current (EUP3542-15, Dual Channel)	(	3A
	Enable Input (V <sub>ENB</sub> )	0.3V to +6	5V
	Storage Temperature (T <sub>S</sub> )	-65°C to +150	°C
	Reflow Temperature (Soldering, 10sec)	260	°C
	Thermal Resistance $\theta_{JA}$ (SOP-8)	125°C/	′W
	Thermal Resistance $\theta_{JA}$ (SOP-8_EP)	60°C/	′W
	Thermal Resistance $\theta_{JA}$ (MSOP-8)	150°C/	′W
	ESD protection	41	kV

# **Recommend Operating Conditions (2)**

	Supply Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )		2.7V to 5.5V
•	Operating Temperature	(T <sub>A</sub> )	$40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C

*Note (1): Stress beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may damage the device. Note (2): The device is not guaranteed to function outside the recommended operating conditions.* 

# **Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{IN}$ =5V,  $C_{IN}$ =1 $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT}$ =1 $\mu$ F,  $R_L$ =10 $\Omega$ ,  $T_A$ =+25°C.

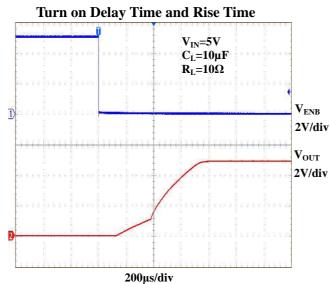
Parameter	Conditions			EUP3542		
rarameter	Coll	Conditions		Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input Voltage Rage			2.7	-	5.5	V
Output MOS R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	$I_{OUT} = 0.5A$		-	100	150	mΩ
Supply Current			-	13	20	μA
Output Turn on Dising Time	R <sub>L</sub> =10Ω, 90%	EUP3542	-	300	-	
Output Turn-on Rising Time	Setting	EUP3542-15	-	150	-	μs
Current Limit Threshold	$V_{OUT} = 4V$	EUP3542	0.7	1	1.4	٨
Current Emilt Threshold	<b>v</b> <sub>OUT</sub> – 4 <b>v</b>	EUP3542-15	1.8	2.5	3.2	A
	V <sub>OUT</sub> <1V	EUP3542	0.2	0.6	1	Α
Short-Circuit Current		EUP3542-15	1	1.5	2	
END In sect Thus she shall	ENB Falling		1.35	1.4	1.55	V
ENB Input Threshold	ENB Rising		1.5	1.6	1.7	V
Shutdown Supply Current				-	2	μA
Output Leakage Current	ENB=5V, V <sub>OUT</sub>	$ENB=5V, V_{OUT}=0V$		0.5	1	μA
VIN Under Voltage Lockout	VIN=Falling	VIN=Falling		2.15	2.5	V
VIN Under Voltage Hysteresis				200	-	mV
Thermal Limit			-	135	-	°C
Thermal Limit Hysteresis			-	20	-	°C
OCB Deglitch	OCB assertion or deassertion		5	8	15	ms
OCB Output Low Voltage	$I_{OCB}$ = 10mA, $V_{IN}$ = 5V		-	-	0.2	V
OCB Off-State Current	$V_{OCB} = 5V$	$V_{OCB} = 5V$		-	1	μA

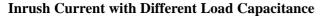


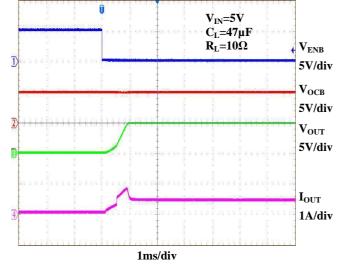
# EUP3542

# **Typical Operating Characteristics**

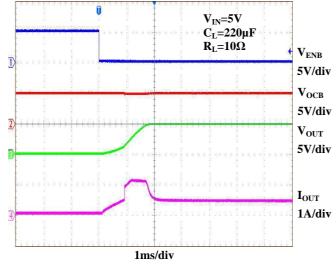
 $(V_{IN}=5V, C_{IN}=1\mu F, C_{OUT}=1\mu F, V_{ENB}=0V, T_A=+25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

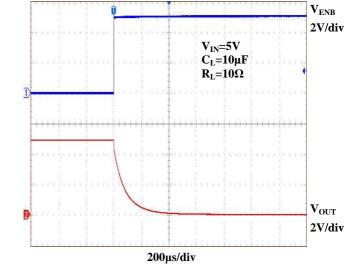






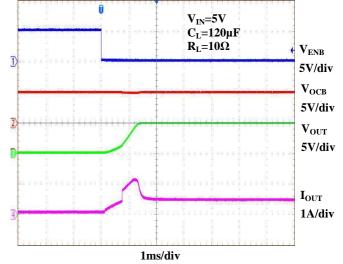




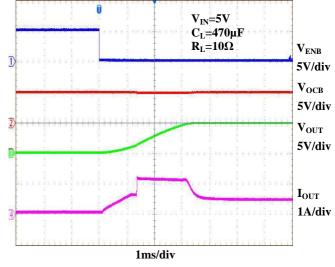


**Turn off Delay Time and Fall Time** 

Inrush Current with Different Load Capacitance

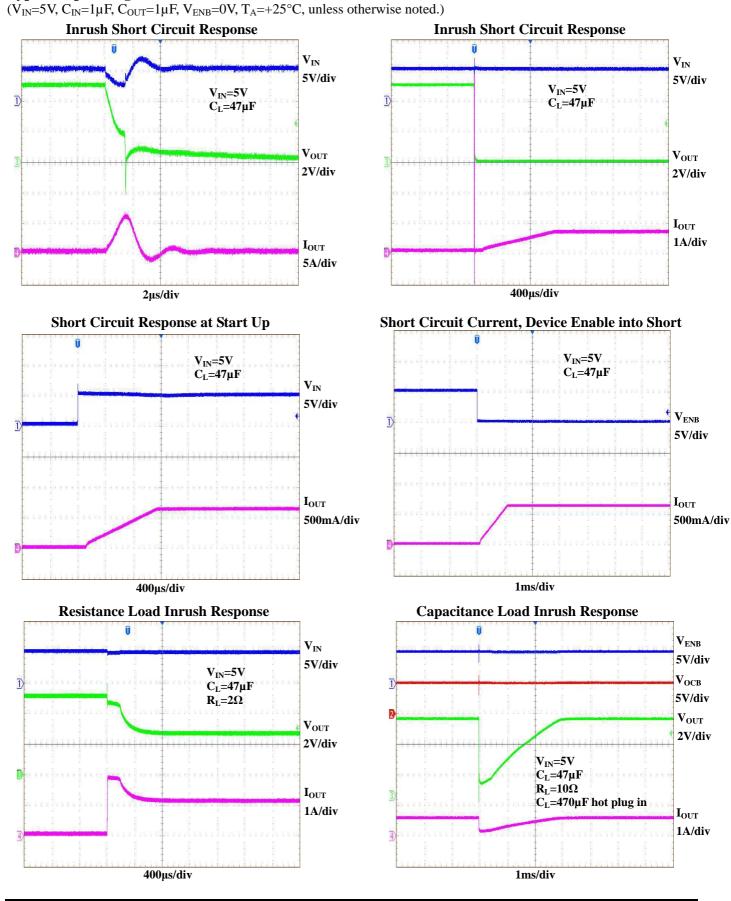












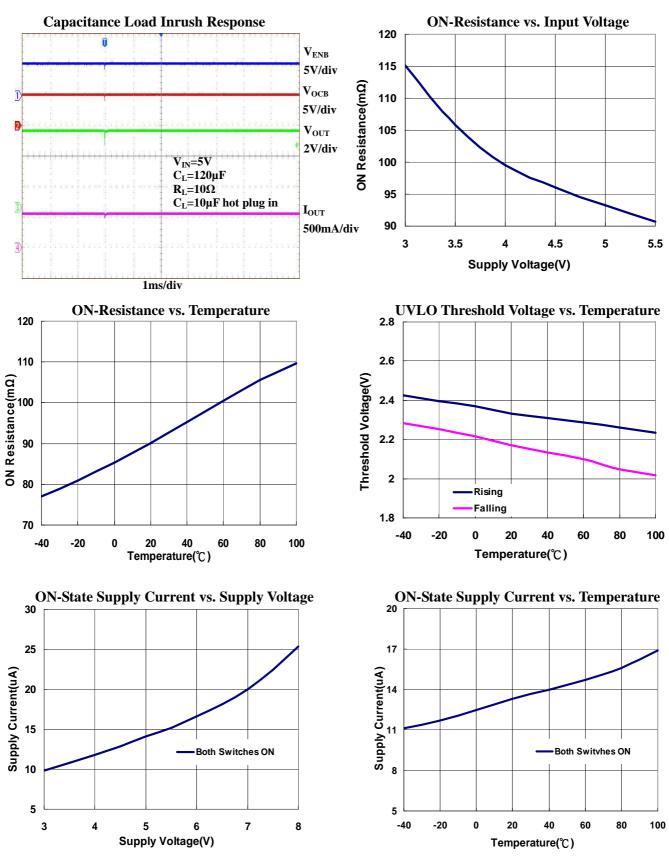
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**Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)** 



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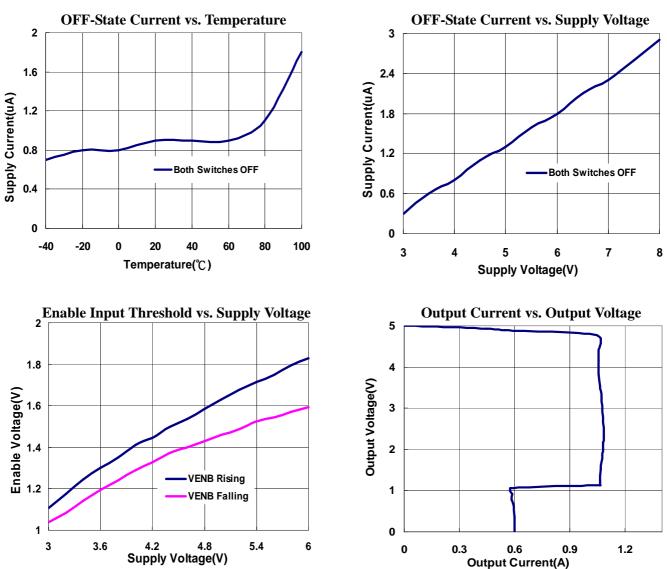
 $(V_{IN}=5V, C_{IN}=1\mu F, C_{OUT}=1\mu F, V_{ENB}=0V, T_A=+25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 





# **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{IN}=5V, C_{IN}=1\mu F, C_{OUT}=1\mu F, V_{ENB}=0V, T_A=+25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 







# **Functional Description**

# **Input and Output**

IN (input) is the power supply connection to the logic circuitry and the source of the power MOSFETs. OUT1 and OUT2 (outputs) are the drain of the power MOSFETs. In a typical application, current flows through the switch from IN to OUT toward the load.

## **Current Limiting**

With the present of a sense FET, over-current conditions can be detected without increasing the series resistance of the current path. Under over-current condition, the device maintains a constant output current and reduces the output voltage accordingly. Complete shutdown occurs only if the fault is presented long enough to activate thermal limiting. There are several possible over-current conditions can occur.

- The each output has been shorted before the device is enabled or before IN has been applied, the device senses the short and immediately switches into a constant-current limit mode.
- A short or an overload occurs at each output while the device is enabled. At the instant the overload occurs, high currents may flow for a short period of time before the current-limit circuit can react. After the current limit circuit has tripped (reached the over-current trip threshold), the device switches into constant current mode.
- The each output load has been gradually increased beyond the recommended operating current. The current is permitted to rise until the current limit threshold is reached or until the thermal limit of the device is exceeded. The EUP3542 is capable of delivering current up to the current limit threshold without damaging the device. Once the threshold has been reached, the device switches into its constant current mode.

The typical current limit value of EUP3542 is 1A, There is a fold-back of current limit to 0.6A when OUT(s) < 1V. (*See Typical Operating Characteristics*).

# **Thermal Shutdown**

Thermal shutdown protects EUP3542 from excessive power dissipation. If the die temperature exceeds 135°C, the power switches are shut off. 20°C of hystersis prevents the switch from turning on until the die temperature drops to 115°C. Thermal shutdown circuit functions when either of the switches is enabled.

### **Under-Voltage Lockout**

Whenever the input voltage falls below approximately 2.1V, the power switch is quickly turned off. This facilitates the design of hot-insertion systems where it is not possible to turn off the power switch before input power is removed. The UVLO also keeps the switches

### **OCB** Function

The OCB(s) open-drain output are asserted (active low) when an over current condition is encountered after a 8ms fault-blanking timeout (to eliminate false over-current reporting). This feature allows the device to handle USB loads that might not be fully compliant with USB specifications. The EUP3542 successfully powers USB loads with additional bypass capacitance and/or large startup currents while protecting the upstream power source. No fault is reported if the switches bring up the load within the 8ms blanking period.

# **Application Information**

## **Input Power Supply and Capacitance**

Pin IN power the internal control circuitry. A 1µF bypass capacitor from IN to GND, located near the EUP3542, is strongly recommended to control supply transients. When driving inductive loads or operating from inductive sources, which may occur when the EUP3542 is powered by long leads or PC traces, larger input bypass capacitance is required to prevent voltage spikes from exceeding the EUP3542's absolute maximum ratings ( $V_{INMAX} = 6V$ ) during short-circuit events.

## **Output Capacitor**

Bypass each OUT to GND with a 1uF ceramic capacitor for local decoupling. Placing a high-value electrolytic capacitor on the output pin(s) is recommended when the output load is heavy. This precaution reduces power-supply transients that may cause ringing on the input and reduces output voltage transients under dynamic load conditions. Using output capacitors greater than 470uF might assert OCB(s) if the current limit cannot charge the output capacitor within the 8ms fault-blanking period.

### ENB(s), the Enable Logic Input

ENB(s) must be driven logic low for a clearly defined input. Floating the input may cause unpredictable operation. ENB(s) should not be allowed to go negative with respect to GND.

### **Driving Inductive Loads**

A wide variety of devices (mice, keyboards, cameras, and printers) typically connect to the USB port with cables, which might add an inductive component to the load. This inductance causes the output voltage at the USB port to oscillate during a load step. The EUP3542 drives inductive loads, but avoid exceeding the device's absolute maximum ratings. Usually, the load inductance is relatively small, and the EUP3542's input includes a substantial bulk capacitance from an upstream regulator as well as local bypass capacitors, limiting overshoot.





### Layout and Thermal Dissipation

Keep all traces as short as possible to reduce the effect of undesirable parasitic inductance and optimize the switch response time to output short circuit conditions. Place input and output capacitors no more than 5mm from device leads. Connect IN and OUT(s) to the power bus with short traces. Wide power bus planes at IN and OUT(s) provide superior heat dissipation as well.

An active switch dissipates little power with minimal change in package temperature. Calculate the power dissipation for this condition as follows:

$$P = I_{OUT}^2 \times R_{(DS)ON}$$

At the normal operating current ( $I_{OUT} = 0.5A$ ) and the maximum on resistance of the switch (150m  $\Omega$ ), the power dissipation is:

$$P = 2 \times (0.5A)^2 \times 0.15\Omega = 75 \text{mW}$$

The worst-case power dissipation occurs when the output current is just below the current limit threshold (1.5A max) with a low output voltage 1V, for example. For a 5V input, the power dissipated is the voltage drop across the switch multiplied by the current limit:

$$P = 2 \times I_{LIM} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$$
$$= 2 \times 1.4A \times (5V - 1V) = 11.2W$$

In this case, the EUP3542 die temperature exceeds the  $135^{\circ}$ C thermal shutdown threshold, and the switch output shuts down until the junction temperature cools by  $20^{\circ}$ C. The duty cycle and period are strong functions of the ambient temperature and the PC board layout (see the Thermal Shutdown section). If the output current exceeds the current limit threshold, the EUP3542 asserts a fault state after 8ms.



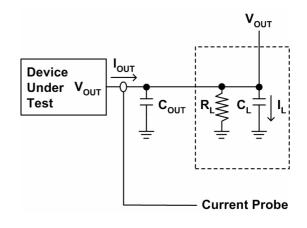
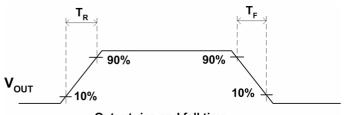


Figure 3.

**Timing Diagrams** 



Output rise and fall time



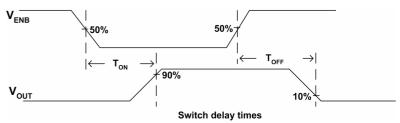
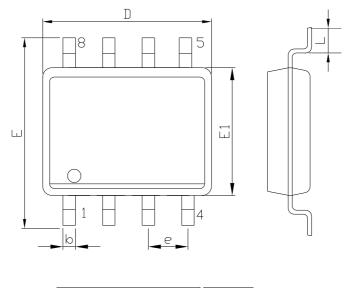


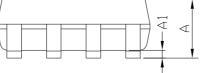
Figure 5.



# Packaging Information

SOP-8

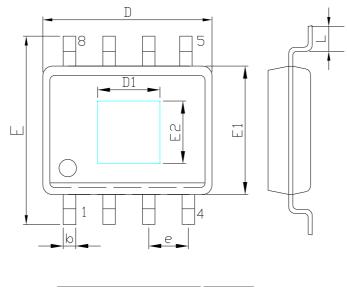


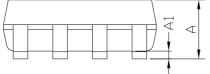


SYMBOLS	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
А	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010	
D	4.90		0.193		
E	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244	
E1	3.90		0.153		
L	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050	
b	0.31	0.51	0.012	0.020	
e	1.27		0.0	050	



SOP-8 (EP)

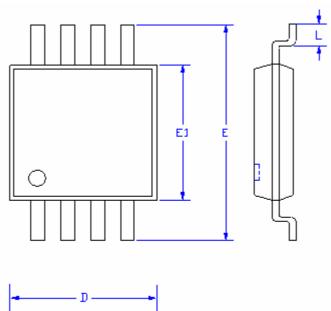


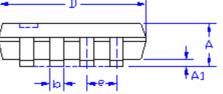


SYMBOLS	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
А	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010	
D	4.90		0.193		
E1	3.90		0.153		
D1	2.00		0.081		
E2	2.0	2.00		081	
Е	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244	
L	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050	
b	0.31	0.51	0.012	0.020	
e	1.27		0.0	)50	









SYMBOLS	MILLIN	METERS	INCHES		
STABOLS	MIN. MAX.		MIN.	MAX.	
А	- 1.10		-	0.043	
A1	0.00 0.15		0.000	0.006	
D	3.00		0.118		
E1	3.00		0.118		
Е	4.70	5.10	0.185	0.201	
L	0.40	0.80	0.016	0.031	
b	0.22	0.38	0.008	0.015	
е	0.65		0.02	26	

